Healthcare Delivery – Customers by Market Segment

Bibliography

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2008

   Public employee health plans provided benefits for 13 million people in 2008.

   47 million people were uninsured in 2006, reported the Los Angeles Times.

2007

   Nearly 47 million Americans were uninsured in 2007.


   In 2005/2006, NHANES asked 10,348 people if they were covered by health insurance or some kind of health care plan. 18.5% answered no. 6.9% answered that there was a time they had no insurance within the past year. 49% were covered by private insurance, 11.5% by Medicare, 15.9% by Medicaid, 1% by SCHIP, 2% by military health care, <1% by Indian Health Services, 3.3% covered by other government insurance, 2.5% covered by a single service plan

   The Family Core component of the 2007 NHIS collected data from January through March based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. In 2007, the percentage uninsured at the time of interview was 14.2%. 41.9 million people did not have health insurance in 2007 (6.3 million under 18 years old). In 2007, 66.5% of people under age 65 were covered by private health insurance plans.

   60% of employers offered health insurance in 2007, according to a Kaiser/HRET survey.

   According to the Census Bureau's latest figures, 47 million people were uninsured in 2006 - up 2.2 million since 2005.

   Statistics released by the U.S. Census Bureau showed that the number of Americans without health insurance in 2006 was 47 million, an increase of 2.2 million over the previous year, reported USA Today.

The percentage without health insurance increased from 15.3% in 2005 to 15.8% in 2006 and the number of uninsured increased from 44.8 million to 47.0 million. In 2006, 201.7 million people were covered by private health insurance. The percentage of people covered by employment-based health insurance decreased to 59.7% in 2006, from 60.2% in 2005. The percentage and the number of people covered by Medicaid were statistically unchanged at 12.9% and 38.3 million in 2006. The percentage and the number of children under 18 years old without health insurance increased to 11.7% and 8.7 million in 2006 (from 10.9% and 8.0 million in 2005)

11. Kotlikoff, L. J. "We are All Uninsured Now." Boston Globe, August 28, 2007. (CS-295)
45 million Americans were uninsured in 2007, according to former Supreme Court justice Sandra Day O'Connor. There were 9 million uninsured children in 2007. 59% of Americans had employer-based health insurance in 2007.

The U.S. Census Bureau announced that the number of uninsured Americans rose to 47 million in 2006, up from 44.8 million in 2005. There were 15.8% of Americans without insurance in 2006, up from 15.3% in 2005. In 2006, 11.7% (8.7 million) kids were uninsured—up from 10.9% (8 million) in 2005. The percentage of Americans covered by employment-based health insurance decreased to 59.7% in 2006 (from 60.2% in 2005). Medicaid enrollment remained statistically unchanged. The Census Bureau data are from the Annual Social and Economic Supplement to the Current Population Survey. The Center on Budget and Policy Priorities stated that the number of uninsured children rose from 7.7 million in 2004 to 8.7 million in 2006.

Nearly 45 million people lacked health insurance in 2007. No data source was provided.

43.6 million people now live without coverage. No data source was provided.

Roughly 45 million Americans were uninsured in 2007. No data source was provided.

In 2006, there were 44,067,816 Medicare beneficiaries.

The National Health Interview Survey found that for 2006, there were 43.3 million uninsured persons (16.8%), 66.5% were privately insured, and 9.3% children were uninsured and 59.7% of children were privately insured.

More than 45 million Americans were without health insurance in 2007. 175 million Americans had employer-based coverage in 2007.

47 million or so Americans had no health insurance in 2007. No data source was provided.

In 2005, 68.2% of all workers were covered by private insurance, 59.5% of which was employer-sponsored. 46.6 million people were uninsured in 2005 (15.9%). Data from the U.S. Census showed that in 2005, 11.2% of children had no coverage (8.3 million), 26.7% had Medicaid/SCHIP, 60.5% had employer-sponsored insurance, 5.5% had individually purchased insurance, 0.7% had Medicare, and 3.1% had military health care. In 2004, 10.8% of children had no coverage (7.9 million), 27% had Medicaid/SCHIP, 61% had employer-sponsored insurance, 5.8% had individually purchased insurance, 0.7% had Medicare, and 2.8% had military health care.

44.8 million people were uninsured in 2007. No data source was provided.

45 million people were uninsured at any given point in 2005.

45 million Americans were uninsured in 2007.
24. America's 8.3 Million Uninsured Kids are "a Stain on the Nation". Robert Wood Johnson Foundation/Covertheuninsuredweek.org, May 14, 2007 (CS-278) 8.3-9 million children were uninsured in 2007. No data source was provided.

25. "Hillary's Healthy Focus." Boston Globe, May 13, 2007. (CS-277) 6 million children were covered by SCHIP and 9 million were uninsured in 2007. No data source was provided.


30. Health Care Coverage in America: Understanding the Issues and Proposed Solutions. Alliance for Health Reform, March 2007. (CS-288) Over 46 million people, including 8.3 million children, were uninsured in 2007. In 2005, 8.3 million children were uninsured, up from 8 million in 2004. The percentage of the U.S. population without health coverage was 15.9% in 2005. Some 63.9 million people—more than 25% of the population under age 65—lacked coverage at some point in 2004. On March 23, 2007, the U.S. Census Bureau released a revised figure of 44.8 million uninsured for 2005, based on a more accurate methodology.


32. Cohn, J. Sick: The Untold Story of America's Health Care Crisis---and the People Who Pay the Price New York, NY: HarperCollins, 2007. (CS-264) In 2005, 12% of children in the US were uninsured. At any one time, 16% of Americans (about 46 million people) were uninsured. Among experts, a rough consensus exists that, at any one time, between 40 and 45 million people have no health insurance.


35. Fletcher, M. "Bush Eyes Tax Break for Health Insurance." Boston Globe, January 21, 2007. (CS-276 HO-189) 150 million people were insured through an employer and 47 million people were uninsured in 2007. No data source was provided.


37. Krugman, P. "A Healthy New Year." New York Times, January 1, 2007. (CS-274) In 2005, almost 47 million Americans, including more than 8 million children, were uninsured. No data source was provided.
46.6 million people were uninsured at some point in 2005 (15.9%, 1.3 million more than in 2004), according to the Census Bureau. 46-47 million people were uninsured in 2007. 160 million people were covered by an employer in 2007.

47 million Americans were uninsured in 2007. As many as 60 million Americans are uninsured at some point during the course of a year.

47 million people were uninsured in 2007. >8 million children were uninsured in 2007. According to a Kaiser Family Foundation study, 57% of people had employer sponsored insurance in 2007. >42 million people were enrolled in Medicare and >60 million were covered by Medicaid in 2007.

47 million people were uninsured in 2006. 177.2 people received health insurance through an employer in 2006.

2006


Medicaid was expected to provide coverage for 53 million individuals in 2007. Medicaid provided coverage for approximately 25 percent of the nation’s children in 2006.


According to the Kaiser Family Foundation, 63% of working-age adults had employer-based health insurance in 2004.


70 million American workers obtained health benefits from their employer in 2006, according to the 2006 Kaiser Family Foundation/Health Research and Educational Trust Employer Health Benefits Survey.


In fiscal year 2005, almost 10 million beneficiaries were eligible to receive health care under TRICARE.


40-some million Americans are uninsured each year, according to America's Health Insurance Plans.

47. Martinez, B. "In Medicaid, Private HMOs Take a Big, and Profitable Role." Wall Street Journal, November 15, 2006. (CS-181)

Some 55 million people were covered by Medicaid in 2006. No data source was provided.


Government figures showed that 46.6 million Americans were uninsured in 2006. Health Net, a managed care company, estimated that employers covered 175 million people in 2006.

49. The Employer-Based Health-Insurance System (EBI) is at Risk: What We Must Do About It. Washington, DC: Committee for Economic Development, November 7, 2006. (CS-279)

According to the Census Bureau, 46.6 million Americans were uninsured in 2006. In 2005, there were 174.2 million people (60%) covered through an employer, according to EBRI.


The Kaiser Family Foundation and the Alliance for Health Reform found that 77.4% of working Americans had employer-sponsored health insurance in 2005.

According to Census Bureau data released in August 2006, the percentage of people who received health insurance through their jobs was 59.5%. In 2006, nearly 16% of the population, or 46.6 million, were uninsured, according to Census estimates.

52. The Uninsured: A Primer. Washington, DC: Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured, October 2006. (CS-282)
KCMU/Urban Institute analyzed the March 2006 CPS. 46.1 million Americans (18%) were without health insurance in 2005. In 2005, 61% were covered by employer-sponsored insurance and 5% by private/non group. Medicaid covered 28 million children and SCHIP covered 6 million children in 2005.

In 2005, 77.4% of employees were covered by employer sponsored health insurance. 18.8 million employees (17%) were uninsured in 2005. Data were from the Urban Institute analysis of the February 2005 Contingent Work Supplement of the Current Population Survey (CPS) and the March 2005 Annual Social and Economic (ASEC) Supplement of the CPS.

The Census Bureau reported that the number of nonelderly uninsured Americans increased in 2005 by 1.3 million people to 46.1 million uninsured. 300,000 more children were uninsured in 2005 than in 2004. Between 2004 and 2005, employer-sponsored coverage went from 63.3% to 62.9%. The uninsurance rate went from 17.6% to 17.9% between 2004-2005. Among children there was a decline in employer-sponsored insurance from 61.1% to 60.5% and an increase in the uninsurance rate from 11.2% to 11.6% between 2004-2005. Among families with one full-time worker, their uninsurance rate increased from 17.9% to 18.9% between 2004-2005. For families with no workers in the family, 17.3% had employer-sponsored insurance, and 29.4% were uninsured in 2005.

The Kaiser Family Foundation/HRET survey of 2,122 employers found that 59% of workers received health insurance through an employer in 2006.

42.5 million people subscribed to Medicare in 2006.

There were 43 million Medicare beneficiaries in 2006.

The Census found that 11.2% (about 8.3 million) of the nation's children were uninsured in 2005, and 10.8% who lacked coverage in 2004.

46 million Americans were uninsured in 2006. In 2006, an estimated 160 million to 174 million employees were covered by employer-based health insurance. 60% of employers in 2005 provided health benefits for employees. 51 million people were covered by Medicaid and state children's insurance programs in 2006. 43 million were covered by Medicare in 2006. Data were from: Kaiser/HRET Survey, U.S. Census Bureau and National Coalition on Health Care.

A Government Accountability Report stated that 177 million individuals were covered by private insurance in 2006.

A survey by the National Center for Health Statistics found that 15.4% of Americans were uninsured in 2004 and 14.2% in 2005 (41.2 million). 8.9% of children were uninsured in 2005. In 2005, 51.3 million people were uninsured for at least part of the year, over 70% of adults and 62% of children had private coverage.

43 million people were members of Medicare in 2006, according to CMS.

63. Covertheuninsuredweek.org. Number of Uninsured Children Declines Due to SCHIP, According to RWJF Study. Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, August 7, 2006 (CS-250)
A Census-based study by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation found that about 8 million children were uninsured in 2004.

177 million Americans were covered by private health coverage in 2006.


In 2005, 46.6 million people were without health insurance coverage, up from 45.3 million people in 2004. The percentage of people without health insurance coverage increased from 15.6% in 2004 to 15.9% in 2005. The percentage and the number of children without health insurance increased between 2004 and 2005, from 10.8% to 11.2% and from 7.9 million to 8.3 million. The percentage of people covered by employment-based health insurance decreased between 2004 and 2005, from 59.8% to 59.5%. In 2004, 68.2% of Americans were covered by private insurance, 9.3% through direct purchase, 13.6% by Medicare, 13% by Medicaid and 3.7% by military health care. In 2005, 67.7% of Americans were covered by private insurance, 9.1% through direct purchase, 13.7% by Medicare, 13% by Medicaid and 3.8% by military health care.


60% of employers offered health benefits in 2006, according to McKinsey & Company.


The National Center for Health Statistics found that over 41.2 million people (14.2%) and 8.9% of children were uninsured in 2005. More than 70% had private coverage (62% of children) in 2005. In 2004, 42.1 million people (14.6%) and 7 million children (9.4%) were uninsured.

68. *Early Release of Selected Estimates Based on Data from the 2006 National Health Interview Survey*, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, June 2006. (CS-232)

The National Health Interview Survey Family Core Component interviewed a sample of the noninstitutionalized civilian population under 65 years of age. The survey found that 41.2 million people (14.2%) and 6.5 million children (8.9%) were uninsured at the time of the interview in 2005. The 2005 NHIS found that 68.4% of persons under 65 years of age were covered by private health plans (62.4% of children).


Employers provided health insurance coverage for 174 million (nearly 60%) of Americans in 2004. Medicare covered 43 million Americans in 2006.


In 2006, 46 million people or nearly one in five nonelderly adults and children lacked health insurance in the United States. Data were compiled by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and the State Health Access Data Assistance Center, University of Minnesota, using the Medical Expenditure Panel Survey-Insurance Component and by The Urban Institute using the National Health Interview Survey.


Medicare covered 37 million Americans age 65 and older and 6 million persons with disabilities in 2006.


46 million people or nearly one in five nonelderly adults and children lacked health insurance in the United States in 2006.


According to the Kaiser Family Foundation, there were 45 million uninsured in 2006.


46 million people were uninsured in 2006. No data source was provided.


The Los Angeles Times reported that 61.9% of workers obtained coverage through employers in 2006.


According to Census Bureau data, nearly 46 million people were uninsured in 2004.

The Campaign for Children's Health Care reported that there were 9 million uninsured children in the United States in 2006. More than 5 million children were enrolled in SCHIP in 2006.

The Washington Post reported that 45 million Americans were uninsured in 2006.

America's Health Insurance Plans represented health insurance companies that provided health insurance coverage to more than 200 million Americans in 2006.

For fiscal year 2005, VA provided medical care to about 5 million veterans.

Medicare enrollment for 2004 was 41.7 million according to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Medicare aged enrollment for 2004 - 35.4 million. 35.4 million people were covered by Medicaid in 2003. In 2004, 6 million children were enrolled in SCHIP. Based on the National Compensation Survey, 53% of workers participated in medical care plans in 2004 (81% of union workers).

The Census Bureau found that 46 million Americans were uninsured in 2004.

The Census Bureau found that 46 million people were uninsured in 2004.

In 2005, nearly 48 million Americans were uninsured, according to Families, USA.

In 2004, nearly 46 million people were uninsured, according to the US Census Bureau. An October 2005 study from the Kaiser Family Foundation reported that the percentage of employers offering health coverage was 60%.

46 million people were uninsured in 2006.

2005

There were more than 40 million people in Medicare in 2005.

About 45 million people were uninsured in 2005. According to the Kaiser Family Foundation, 60% of employers offered coverage in 2005.

Nearly 46 million Americans (including 9 million children) were uninsured in 2005.

The Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured found that 9 million children (12%) were uninsured in 2005.

The Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement is an annual survey of about 78,000 households. In 2004, an estimated 198 million people were covered by private insurance (48 million children and 21 million elderly), 174 million by employer based coverage (44.8 million children and 12.5 million elderly), 26.9 million through direct purchase (4.1 million children and 9.9 million elderly), 39.7 million through Medicare (500k children and 33.4 million elderly), 37.5 million through Medicaid (19.8 million children and 3.2 million elderly), 10.6 million through the military (2 million children and 2.5 million elderly), and 45.8 million were uninsured (8.2 million children and 297k elderly). An estimated 30.2 million unemployed adults were covered by an employer and 11.5 million unemployed adults were uninsured in 2004.

45 million Americans were uninsured in 2005. No data source was provided.

Employment based health insurance covered approximately 55% of the US population in 2005. In 2005, more than 8.4 million children were estimated to be uninsured, according to Kaiser Family Foundation data.

The Heritage Foundation found that 41 million people had Medicare in 2005.

The Census Bureau reported that 59.8% of Americans received health insurance through an employer in 2004.

The US Census Bureau found that 45.8 million Americans were uninsured in 2004 (15.7%). 11.2% of children were uninsured in 2004. Enrollment in Medicaid increased by 1.9 million people in 2004, to cover 27.2% of the population. USA Today reported that 59.8% of Americans were covered by employers in 2004.

70% of workers in private industry had access to employer-sponsored medical care plans, and 53% participated in medical care plans in March 2005, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics National Compensation Survey.

According to federal data, at least 9 million children, or about 12% of all kids in America, were uninsured in 2005. A study led by the American Academy of Pediatrics found that another 9 million children had gaps in coverage.

63% of private establishments offered health insurance to employees in March 2005.

According to the US Census Bureau, 45.8 million people were uninsured in 2004 (15.7%). In 2004, 59.8% had employment based health insurance. In 2004, 37.5 million people were covered by Medicaid (12.9%). In 2004, 8.3 million children were uninsured (11.2%). In 2004, 68.1% of people were privately insured. In 2004, 13.7% of people were covered by Medicare. In 2004, 15.1 million people with household incomes under $25,000 were uninsured (24.3%), 14.8 million with household incomes between $25,000-$49,999 (20%), 7.8 million with household incomes between $50,000-$74,999 (13.3%) and 8 million with household incomes over $75,000 (8.4%). In 2004, 9.3% of people directly purchased health insurance. In 2004, 3.7% of people were covered by military health care. In 2004, 27.3 million non-elderly adult workers were uninsured (19%) and 9.9 million unemployed non-elderly people were uninsured (25.8%).

A study published in the New England Journal of Medicine in 2005 found that nearly 15% of children in the US lacked health insurance for all or part of the year.

The Commonwealth Fund reported that 45 million people were uninsured in the US in 2005.

In 2004, there were 52 million people covered by Medicaid and 42 million covered by Medicare.

The Newark Star Ledger reported that more than 60% of Americans had job-based health insurance coverage in 2005.

According to the National Center for Health Statistics, 7 million children were uninsured in 2004 (more than 9%).

The number of uninsured Americans was approaching 50 million in 2005.

America's Health Insurance Plans represented companies that provided health insurance coverage to more than 200 million Americans in 2005.

108. FY 2004 Number of Children Ever Enrolled in SCHIP by Program Type, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. April 25, 2005. (CS-164)
In 2004, 6,063,614 children and 513,569 adults were enrolled in SCHIP.

9 million beneficiaries were covered by TRICARE in 2005.

Medicare benefited 40 million and Medicaid provided assistance for 46 million Americans in 2005. No data sources were provided.

45 Million Americans were uninsured in 2005, according to Dr. David Cutler of Harvard.

Medicare covered 42 million people in 2005.

In 2005, Medicaid covered 53 million people (including 8 million disabled people and 25 million children).

According to the Employee Benefits Survey, 53% of all workers in private industry participated in medical care benefits in 2004.

According to Census Bureau data, about 45 million people were uninsured in 2003-4. The Urban Institute and the Kaiser Commission for Medicaid and the Uninsured found 9 million children uninsured during 2004.

According to the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission, Medicare covered 41 million people in 2005.

The Chicago Tribune found that 70 million Americans were underinsured and that 45 million people were uninsured in 2005.

45 million Americans were uninsured in 2005.

15% of Americans were uninsured in 2005.

   Quadango estimated that 43% of the population was insured through a private employer in 2005.


   45 million Americans were uninsured in 2005. In 2004, over 9 million children were uninsured for over a year, according to a Health Affairs article.


   Kaiser/HRET surveyed 2,013 US firms by telephone in 2005. Nearly 60% of workers were covered by an employer in 2005.


   140 million Americans were covered by employer funded health plans in 2004.


   The number of Medicaid enrollees in 2005 was estimated to be about 44.7 million. In 2004, a projected 41.5 million people were enrolled in Medicare (35.3 million aged). In 2005, a projected 42.1 million people were enrolled in Medicare (35.6 million aged). The unduplicated annual enrollment for SCHIP was 5.9 million in 2004 and 6.2 million in 2005, according to CMS, Office of Information Services, Office of the Actuary and the Center for Medicaid and State Operations.

125. **The Costs of Caring: Sources of Growth in Spending for Hospital Care**. Washington, DC, American Hospital Association, 2005. (CS-213)

   The American Hospital Association and the Lewin Group reported that 44 million people were uninsured in 2005.


   45 million people were uninsured in 2005 (the authors cited difficulties with counting the number of uninsured). In 2005, there were 45 million Medicaid recipients, over 40 million Medicare beneficiaries, about 9 million people receiving care through the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program and 175 million people receiving health insurance through an employer.


   There were 42.5 million uninsured people in 2005.


   Hank McKinnell, Chairman and CEO of Pfizer, Inc., estimated that 40 million people were uninsured in 2005.

129. Kane, R. L. *Meeting the Challenge of Chronic Illness*. Baltimore, MD, Johns Hopkins University Press. (CS-217)

   Researchers at the University of Minnesota School of Public Health stated that 43.6 million people (about 15% of the population) were uninsured in 2005.


   The Cato Institute used 2003 Census Bureau data to estimate that 64% of non-elderly Americans' received insurance through an employer in 2005. 42 million people were covered by Medicare in 2005. In 2004, Medicaid covered more than 50 million Americans.


   According to MEPS, in 2005, 183.6 million people (63.3%) out of the US civilian noninstitutionalized population were privately insured in 2005 and >49.9 million (17.2%) were uninsured. 42.4 million (57.8%) children were privately insured and <8.2 million (11.1%) were uninsured. 18 million (51.2%) people 65 or over were privately insured and 229k (0.7%) were uninsured. 107 million (75.3%) employed people were privately insured and 27 million (19%) were uninsured. >38.9 million (47.4%) unemployed people were privately insured and <15.4 million (18.8%) were uninsured.


   43 million Americans were uninsured in 2004. About 39 million people had Medicare in the US in 2005, according to CMS.
2004

Medicaid had more than 50 million beneficiaries in 2004.

The Segal Company estimated that 160 million people were insured through employers in 2004.

60% of private establishments offered health insurance to employees in March 2004.

Medicare was estimated to have 41 million beneficiaries in 2005.

Physicians for a National Health Program found that 1.7 million military veterans lacked health insurance in 2004.

The Jan-May 2004 Kaiser/HRET Survey of 3,017 randomly selected public and private firms with more than 3 employees (1,925 responded to full survey and 1,092 responded to additional question about offering coverage) found that 61% of workers received health insurance in 2004.

139. Toedtman, J. “Ouch! This Will Hurt a Bit: Part B Premiums are Going Up 17% Next Year? What's a Medicare Recipient to Do?” Newsday: B6-7, October 2, 2004. (CS-131)
There were 41.8 million Medicare beneficiaries in 2004.

According to Kaiser/HRET data, 63% of firms offered health coverage in 2004.

A study sponsored by eHealthInsurance and the Kaiser Family Foundation found that 16.5 million people bought their own insurance in 2004.

The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation estimated that there were roughly 10 million children without health insurance in 2004.

In 2004, over 130 million Americans received health insurance through an employer. No data source was provided.

According to an article published in the Boston Globe, a study by the Urban Institute found that 88% of those eligible for employer-sponsored health coverage purchased it.

A survey by the Urban Institute found that 37 million people were uninsured in 2004.

Healthcare for All's Executive Director John E. McDonough, MPA, PhD estimated that there were 43 million uninsured in the US in 2004. Alice Rothchild, MD, a BIDMC OB/GYN physician states that nearly 70% of the uninsured were working people in 2004.


   There were 41 million Medicare beneficiaries in 2004. No data source was provided.


   According to the Christian Science Monitor, 5 million children were enrolled in SCHIP in 2004, and another 4 million may be eligible.


   An article in the New York Times printed a study by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation showing that at least 20 million working adults were uninsured in 2004.


   According to an unidentified report by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, 20 million people in the United States were uninsured in 2004.


   Medicaid provided coverage for an estimated 51 million people in 2004.


   Over 60% of all individuals in the US had employer provided health insurance in 2004.


   An estimated 43.6 million Americans lacked health insurance in 2004. No data source was provided.


   Kaiser/HRET surveyed 3,017 US firms in 2004. 62% of workers were covered by an employer in 2003 and 61% in 2004.


   According to CMS, 40.5 million people were covered by Medicare in 2004.


   In 2004, about 15% of the population, over 40 million people, were uninsured. In 2004, the Federal Government Employee Benefits Program provided health insurance for 9 million workers.


   43–44 million Americans were uninsured in 2004.


   The Center for Financing, Access, and Cost Trends, Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality conducted the Medical Expenditure Panel Survey Household Component and found that in 2004, 64% of Americans were privately insured and 16.8% were uninsured. 58.9% of children were privately insured and 11.7% were uninsured. 51.5% of those 65 years or older were privately insured and 0.7% were uninsured. 76% of employed persons 16 or over were privately insured and 18.4% were uninsured. 47.6% of unemployed persons 16 of over were privately insured and 18.2% were uninsured.


   Health Research and Education Trust estimated that 152 million workers and dependents received employer based health coverage in 2004.
Based on the Medical Expenditure Panel Survey (MEPS) of the US Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population, the following
estimates and projections were made. Projections were made for 2004 onward. In 2004, 35,637,484 people over 65 had
Medicare (87%). In 2005, 187,714,729 people under 65 had private insurance (64.16%), 170,624,916 people under 65 had
employment-related insurance (58.32%), 17,089,813 people under 65 had individual insurance (5.84%) and 38,274,735
people under 65 were uninsured (13.08%). In 2005, 35,985,034 people over age 65 had Medicare (85%). In 2006,
188,910,254 people under 65 had private insurance (64.04%), 171,668,958 people under 65 had employment-related
insurance (58.2%), 17,241,296 people under 65 had individual insurance (5.85%) and 38,686,834 people under 65 were
uninsured (13.12%). In 2006, 36,421,291 people over age 65 had Medicare (87%).

According to the AARP, 41 million Americans (20%) were uninsured in 2004.